# **10. MAINTENANCE DATA**

# (1) Cautions

- (a) If you are disassembling and checking an air-conditioner, be sure to turn off the power before beginning. When working on indoor units, let the unit sit for about 1 minute after turning off the power before you begin work. When working on an outdoor unit, there may be an electrical charge applied to the main circuit (electrolytic condenser), so begin work only after discharging this electrical charge (to DC10V or lower).
- (b) When taking out printed circuit boards, be sure to do so without exerting force on the circuit boards or package components.
- (c) When disconnecting and connectors, take hold of the connector housing and do not pull on the lead wires.

## (2) Items to check before troubleshooting

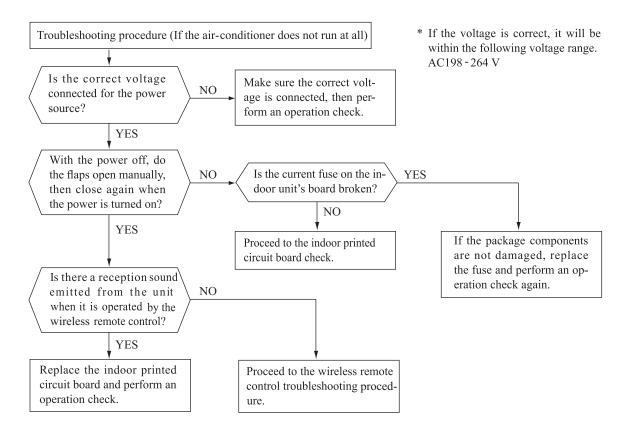
- (a) Have you thoroughly investigated the details of the trouble which the customer is complaining about?
- (b) Is the air-conditioner running? Is it displaying any self-diagnosis information?
- (c) Is a power source with the correct voltage connected?
- (d) Are the control lines connecting the indoor and outdoor units wired correctly and connected securely?
- (e) Is the outdoor unit's service valve open?

# (3) Troubleshooting procedure (If the air-conditioner does not run at all)

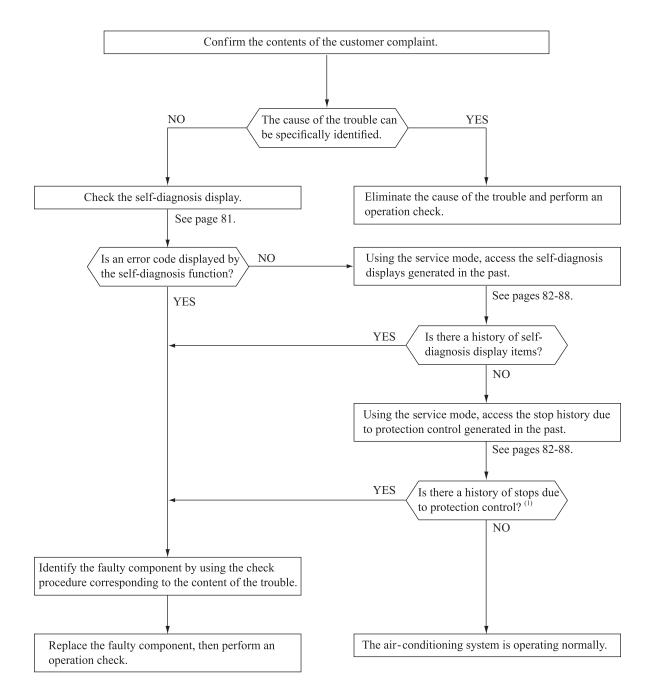
If the air-conditioner does not run at all, diagnose the trouble using the following troubleshooting procedure. If the air-conditioner is running but breaks down, proceed to troubleshooting step (4).

#### Important

- When all the following conditions are satisfied, we say that the air-conditioner will not run at all.
  - (a) The RUN light does not light up.
  - (b) The flaps do not open.
  - (c) The indoor unit fan motors do not run.
  - (d) The self-diagnosis display does not function.



# (4) Troubleshooting procedure (If the air-conditioner runs)



Note (1) Even in cases where only intermittent stop data are generated, the air-conditioning system is normal. However, if the same protective operation recurs repeatedly (3 or more times), it will lead to customer complaints. Judge the conditions in comparison with the contents of the complaints.

# (5) Self-diagnosis table

When this air-conditioner performs an emergency stop, the reason why the emergency stop occurred is displayed by the flashing of display lights. If the air-conditioner is operated using the remote control 3 minutes or more after the emergency stop, the trouble display stops and the air-conditioner resumes operation.  $^{(1)}$ 

Indoor unit display panel		remote	Description	Cause	Display (flashing) condition	
RUN light	TIMER light	control display	of trouble	Gause	Display (nashing) condution	
1-time flash	ON	_	Heat exchanger sensor 1 error	<ul> <li>Broken heat exchanger sensor 1 wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Indoor unit PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	When a heat exchanger sensor 1 wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of $-28^{\circ}$ C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is discon- nected.) (Not displayed during operation.)	
2-time flash	ON	_	Room temperature sensor error	<ul> <li>Broken room temperature sensor wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Indoor unit PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	When a room temperature sensor wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of $-45^{\circ}$ C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disco- nnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)	
3-time flash	ON	_	Heat exchanger sensor 2 error	<ul> <li>Broken heat exchanger sensor 2 wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Indoor unit PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	When a heat exchanger sensor 2 wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of -28°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is discon- nected.)(Not displayed during operation.)	
6-time flash	ON	E 16	Indoor fan motor error	• Defective fan motor, poor connector connection	When conditions for turning the indoor unit's fan motor on exist during air -conditioner operation, an indoor unit fan motor speed of 300min <sup>-1</sup> or lower is measured for 30 seconds or longer. (The air-conditioner stops.)	
Keeps flashing	1-time flash	E 38	Outdoor air temperature sensor error	<ul> <li>Broken outdoor air temp. sensor wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Outdoor unit PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature.Or -55°C or higher is detected for within 20 seconds after power ON. (The compressor is stopped.)	
Keeps flashing	2-time flash	E 37	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor error	<ul> <li>Broken heat exchanger sensor wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Outdoor unit PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature.Or -55°C or higher is detected for within 20 seconds after power ON. (The compressor is stopped.)	
Keeps flashing	4-time flash	E 39	Discharge pipe sensor error	<ul> <li>Broken discharge pipe sensor wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Outdoor unit PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	-25°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature.(The compressor is stopped.)	
ON	1-time flash	E 42	Current cut	Compressor locking, open phase on compressor output, short circuit on power transistor, service valve is closed	The compressor output current exceeds the set value during compressor start. (The air-conditioner stops.)	
ON	2-time flash	E 59	Trouble of outdoor unit	Broken compressor wire     Compressor blockage	When there is an emergency stop caused by trouble in the outdoor unit, or the input current value is found to be lower than the set value.(The air-conditioner stops.)	
ON	3-time flash	E 58	Current safe stop	<ul> <li>Overload operation</li> <li>Overcharge</li> <li>Compressor locking</li> </ul>	When the compressor command speed is lower than the set value and the current safe has operated. (the compressor stops)	
ON	4-time flash	E 51	Power transistor error	Broken power transistor	When the power transistor is judged breakdown while compressor starts. (The compressor is stopped.)	
ON	5-time flash	E 36	Over heat of compressor	• Gas shortage, defective discharge pipe sensor, service valve is closed	When the value of the discharge pipe sensor exceeds the set value.(The air-conditioner stops.)	
ON	6-time flash	E 5	Error of signal transmission	• Defective power source, Broken signal wire, defective indoor/outdoor unit PCB	When there is no signal between the indoor unit PCB and outdoor unit PCB for 10 seconds or longer (when the power is turned on), or when there is no signal for 7 minute 35 seconds or longer (during operation)(the compressor is stopped).	
ON	7-time flash	E 48	Outdoor fan motor error	• Defective fan motor, poor connector connection	When the outdoor unit's fan motor speed continues for 30 seconds or longer at 75 min <sup>-1</sup> or lower. (3 times) (The air -conditioner stops.)	
ON	Keeps flashing	E 35	Cooling high pressure protecton	<ul> <li>Overload operation, overcharge</li> <li>Broken outdoor heat exchange sensor wire</li> <li>Service valve is closed</li> </ul>	When the value of the outdoor heat exchanger sensor exceeds the set value.	
2-time flash	2-time flash	E 60	Rotor lock	<ul> <li>Defective compressor</li> <li>Open phase on compressor</li> <li>Defective outdoor unit PCB</li> </ul>	If the compressor motor's magnetic pole positions cannot be correctly detected when the compressor starts. (The air-conditioner stops.)	
4-time flash	ON	_	Trouble of wireless LAN interface	• Defective wireless LAN interface boards, poor connector connection	When normal data cannot be received from wireless LAN interface for two minutes continuously	
5-time flash	ON	E 47	Active filter voltage error	Defective active filter	When the wrong voltage connected for the power source. When the outdoor unit PCB is faulty	
7-time flash	ON	E 57	Refrigeration cycle system protective control	<ul> <li>Service valve is closed.</li> <li>Refrigerant is insufficient</li> </ul>	When refrigeration cycle system protective control operates.	
7-time flash	1-time flash	E 40	Service valve (gas side) closed opertion	<ul> <li>Service valve (gas side) closed</li> <li>Defective outdoor unit PCB</li> </ul>	If the output current of inverter exceeds the specifications, it makes the compressor stopping. (In heating mode). After 3-minute delay, the compressor restarts, but if this anomaly occurs 2 times within 20 minutes after the initial detection.	
-	-	E 1	Error of wired remote control wiring	• Broken wired remote control wire, defective indoor unit PCB	The wired remote control wire Y is open. The wired remote control wires X and Y are reversely connected. Noise is penetrating the wired remote control lines. The wired remote control or indoor unit PCB is faulty. (The communications circuit is faulty.)	

Notes (1)The air-conditioner cannot be restarted using the remote control for 3 minutes after operation stops.

(2) The wired remote control is option parts.

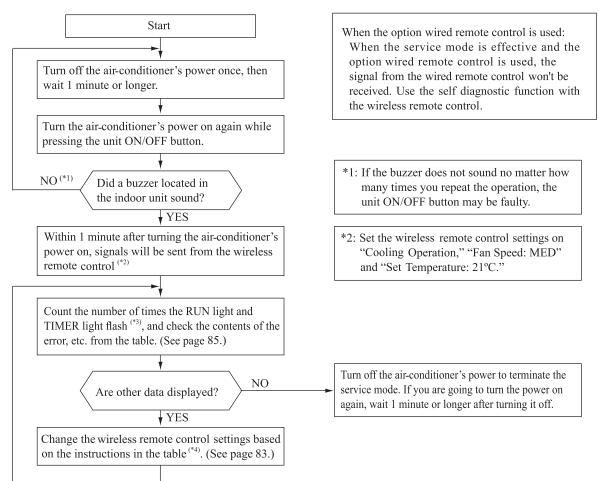
# (6) Service mode (Trouble mode access function)

This air-conditioner is capable of recording error displays and protective stops (service data) which have occurred in the past. If self-diagnosis displays cannot be confirmed, it is possible to get a grasp of the conditions at the time trouble occurred by checking these service data.

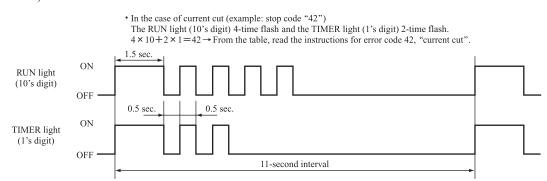
(a)	Exp	anation	of	terms
(/				

Term	Explanation
Service mode	The service mode is the mode where service data are displayed by flashing of the display lights when the operations in item (b) below are performed with the indoor control.
Service data These are the contents of error displays and protective stops which occurred in the conditioner system. Error display contents and protective stop data from past and operations of the air-conditioner system are saved in the indoor unit control's non memory (memory which is not erased when the power goes off). There are two ty self-diagnosis data and stop data, described below.	
Self-diagnosis data	These are the data which display the reason why a stop occurred when an error display(self- diagnosis display) occurred in an indoor unit. Data are recorded for up to 5 previous occurrences. Data which are older than the 5th previous occurrence are erased. In addition, data on the temperature of each sensor (room temperature, indoor heat exchanger, outdoor heat exchanger, outdoor air temperature, discharge pipe), remote control information (operation switching, fan speed switching) are recorded when trouble occurs, so more detailed information can be checked.
Stop data       These are the data which display the reason by a stop occurred when the air-condiperformed protective stops, etc. in the past. Even if stop data alone are generated, restarts automatically. (After executing the stop mode while the display is normal, restarts automatically.) Data for up to 10 previous occasions are stored. Data older previous occasion are erased.         (Important) In cases where transient stop data only are generated, the air-condition may still be normal. However, if the same protective stop occurs frequencies (in the stop mode), it could lead to customer complaints.	

#### (b) Service mode display procedure



\*3: To count the number of flashes in the service mode, count the number of flashes after the light lights up for 1.5 second initially (start signal). (The time that the light lights up for 1.5 second (start signal) is not counted in the number of flashes.)



\*4: When in the service mode, when the wireless remote control settings (operation mode, fan speed mode, temperature setting) are set as shown in the following table and sent to the air-conditioner unit, the unit switches to display of service data.

#### (i) Self-diagnosis data

What are Self-diagnosis Data?

These are control data (reasons for stops, temperature at each sensor, wireless remote control information) from the time when there were error displays (abnormal stops) in the indoor unit in the past. Data from up to 5 previous occasions are stored in memory. Data older than the 5th previous occasion are erased. The temperature setting indicates how many occasions previous to the present setting the error display data are and the operation mode and fan speed mode data show the type of data.

Wireless remote control setting		Contents of output data	
Operation mode	Fan speed mode	Contents of output data	
MED Displays the reason for stopping display in the past (error code).		Displays the reason for stopping display in the past (error code).	
Cooling	HI	Displays the room temperature sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
AUTO Displays the indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature		Displays the indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
	LO	Displays the wireless remote control information at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
Heating	MED	Displays the outdoor air temperature sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
Heating	HI	Displays the outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
	AUTO	Displays the discharge pipe sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	

Wireless remote control setting	Indicates the number of occasions previous to the present the error display data are from.	
Temperature setting		
21°C	1 time previous (previous time)	
22°C	2 times previous	
23°C	3 times previous	
24°C	4 times previous	
25°C	5 times previous	

#### Only for indoor heat exchanger sensor 2

Wireless remote control setting	Indicates the number of occasions previous to the present	
Temperature setting	the error display data are from.	
26°C	1 time previous (previous time)	
27°C	2 times previous	
28°C	3 times previous	
29°C	4 times previous	
30°C	5 times previous	

# (Example)

Wireless	remote conti	ol setting		
Operation mode	Fan speed mode	Temperature setting	Displayed data	
	MED	21°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) the previous time an error was displayed.	
			22°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 2 times previous when an error was displayed.
Cooling		23°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 3 times previous when an error was displayed.	
		24°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 4 times previous when an error was displayed.	
		25°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 5 times previous when an error was displayed.	

# (ii) Stop data

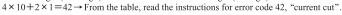
Wireless remote control setting				
Operation modeFan speed modeTemperature setting			Displayed data	
		21°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) the previous time when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		22°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 2 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
	LO		23°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 3 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		24°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 4 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
Cooling		25°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 5 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
Cooling		26°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 6 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		27°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 7 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		28°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 8 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		29°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 9 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		30°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 10 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	

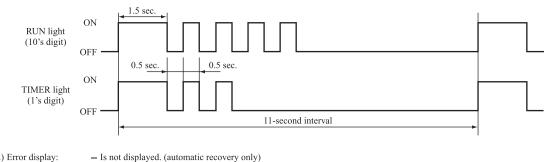
# (c) Error code, stop code table (Assignment of error codes and stop codes is done in common for all models.)

	shes when in mode	Stop code					
RUN light	TIMER light (1's digit)	Stop code or Error code	Error content	Cause	Occurrence conditions	Error display	Auto
	OFF	0	Normal	—	—	-	_
OFF	1-time flash	01	Error of wired remote control wiring (When wired remote control was connected) (When wireless LAN interface was connected, refer to page 81.)	Broken wired remote control wire. defective indoor unit PCB	The wired remote control wire Y is open. The wired remote control wires X and Y are reversely connected. Noise is penetrating the wired remote control lines. The wired remote control or indoor unit PCB is faulty.		0
	5-time flash	05	Can not receive signals for 35 seconds (if communications have recovered)	Power source cables and signal lines are improperly wired. communications signals from either the outdoor unit or		0	_
	5-time flash	35	Cooling high pressure control	Cooling overload operation. Outdoor unit fan speed drops. Outdoor heat exchanger sensor is short circuit.	When the outdoor heat exchanger sensor's value exceeds the set value.	(5 times)	C
	6-time flash	36	Compressor overheat 110°C	Refrigerant is insufficient. Discharge pipe sensor is faulty. Service valve is closed.	When the discharge pipe sensor's value exceeds the set value.	(2 times)	С
3-time flash	7-time flash	37	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor is abnormal	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. 07–55°C higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after power ON.	(3 times)	С
	8-time flash	38	Outdoor air temperature sensor is abnormal	Outdoor air temperature sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. 07-55°C higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after power ON.	(3 times)	С
	9-time flash	39	Discharge pipe temperature sensor is abnormal (anomalous stop)	Discharge pipe sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	-25°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after intial detection of this anomalous temperature.	(3 times)	С
	OFF	40	Service valve (gas side) closed operation	Service valve (gas side) closed Outdoor unit PCB is faulty.	If the inverter output current value exceeds the setting value within 80 seconds after the compressor ON in the heating mode, the compressor stops.	(2 times)	С
4-time flash	2-time flash	42	Current cut	Compressor lock. Compressor wiring short circuit. Compressor output is open phase. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty Service valve is closed. Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Compressor is faulty.	Compressor start fails 42 times in succession and the reason for the final failure is current cut.	(2 times)	С
	7-time flash	47	Active filter voltage error	Defective active filter	When the wrong voltage connected for the power source. When the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.	0	_
	8-time flash	48	Outdoor unit's fan motor is abnormal	Outdoor fan motor is faulty. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	When a fan speed of 75 min <sup>-1</sup> or lower continues for 30 seconds or longer.	(3 times)	С
	1-time flash	51	Short-circuit in the power transistor (high side) Current cut circuit breakdown	Outdoor unit PCB is faulty Power transistor is damaged.	When it is judged that the power transistor was damaged at the time the compressor started.	0	_
	7-time flash	57	Refrigeration cycle system protective control	Service valve is closed. Refrigerant is insufficient.	When refrigeration cycle system protective control operates.	(3 times)	С
5-time flash	8-time flash	58	Current safe	Refrigerant is overcharge. Compressor lock. Overload operation.	When there is a current safe stop during operation.	_	С
	9-time flash	59	Compressor wiring is unconnection Voltage drop Low speed protective control	Compressor wiring is disconnected. Power transistor is damaged. Power source construction is defective. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty Compressor is faulty.	When the current is 1A or less at the time the compressor started. When the power source voltage drops during operation. When the compressor command speed is 1 ower than 32 rps for 60 minutes.	0	С
OFF         60         Rotor lock         Compressor is faulty. Compressor output is open phase. Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Overload operation.         After the compressor starts, when the com due to rotor lock.		After the compressor starts, when the compressor stops due to rotor lock.	(2 times)	С			
6-time flash	1-time flash	61	Connection lines between the indoor and outdoor units are faulty	Connection lines are faulty. Indoor or outdoor unit PCB are faulty	When 10 seconds passes after the power is turned on without communications signals from the indoor or outdoor unit being detected correctly.	0	_
	2-time flash	62	Serial transmission error	Indoor or outdoor unit PCB are faulty Noise is causing faulty operation.	When 7 minute 35 seconds passes without communications signals from either the outdoor unit or the indoor unit being detected correctly.	0	-
	OFF	80	Indoor fan motor is abnormal	Indoor fan motor is faulty. Connector connections are poor. Indoor unit PCB is faulty	When the indoor unit's fan motor is detected to be running at 300min <sup>11</sup> or lower speed with the fan motor in the ON condition while the air-conditioner is running.	0	_
	2-time flash	82	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor is abnormal (anomalous stop)	Indoor heat exchanger sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor.	When a temperature of -28°C or lower is sensed continuously for 40 minutes during heating operation. (the compressor stops).	0	_
8-time flash	4-time flash	84	Anti-condensation control	High humidity condition.	Anti-condensation prevention control is operating.	-	С
	5-time flash	85	Anti-frost control	Indoor unit fan speed drops. Indoor heat exchanger sensor is broken wire.	When the anti-frost control operates and the compressor stops during cooling operation.	-	С
	6-time flash	86	Heating high pressure control	Heating overload operation. Indoor unit fan speed drops. Indoor heat exchanger sensor is short circuit.	When high pressure control operates during heating operation and the compressor stops.	-	С

Notes (1) The number of flashes when in the service mode do not include the 1.5 second period when the lights light up at first (start signal). (See the example shown below.)

- In the case of current cut (example: stop code "42") The RUN light (10's digit) 4-time flash and the TIMER light (1's digit) 2-time flash.





(2) Error display:

O Displayed.

If there is a ( ) displayed, the error display shows the number of times that an auto recovery occurred for the same reason has reached the number of times in ( ). If no ( ) is displayed, the error display shows that the trouble has occurred once.

(3) Auto Recovery:

- Does not occur ○ Auto recovery occurs.

#### (d) Operation mode, Fan speed mode information tables

(i) Operation mode

	(ii)	) Fan	speed	mode
ļ	ш.	j ran	specu	moue

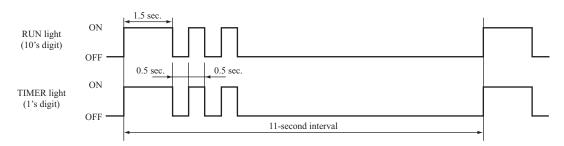
Display pattern when in service mode	Operation mode when there is an	
RUN light (10's digit)	abnormal stop	
_	AUTO	
1-time flash	DRY	
2-time flash	COOL	
3-time flash	FAN	
4-time flash	HEAT	

Display pattern when in service mode	Fan speed mode when there is an abnormal stop	
TIMER light (1's digit)		
_	AUTO	
2-time flash	HI	
3-time flash	MED	
4-time flash	LO	
5-time flash	ULO	
6-time flash	HI POWER	
7-time flash	ECONO	

\* If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the information display in the operation mode and fan speed mode becomes as follows.

Mode	Display when error code is normal
Operation mode	AUTO
Fan speed mode	AUTO

(Example): Operation mode: COOL, Fan speed mode: HI



# (e) Temperatare information

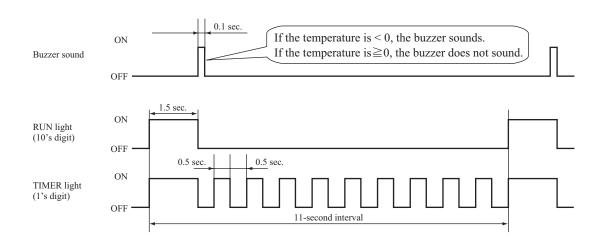
# (i) Room temperature sensor, indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor, outdoor air temperature sensor, outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor

										U	nit: °C
TIMER light (1's digit) RUN light (10's digit) Buzzer sound		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	6		-61	-62	-63	-64					
	5	-50	-51	-52	-53	-54	-55	-56	-57	-58	-59
N .	4	-40	-41	-42	-43	-44	-45	-46	-47	-48	-49
Yes (sounds for 0.1 second)	3	-30	-31	-32	-33	-34	-35	-36	-37	-38	-39
	2	-20	-21	-22	-23	-24	-25	-26	-27	-28	-29
	1	-10	-11	-12	-13	-14	-15	-16	-17	-18	-19
	0		-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	1	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	3	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
No	4	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
(does not sound)	5	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
	6	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
	7	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
	8	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
	9	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

\* If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the display for each temperature information becomes as shown below.

Sensor name	Sensor value displayed when the error code is normal
Room temperature sensor	-64°C
Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor	-64°C
Outdoor air temperature sensor	-64°C
Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor	-64°C

(Example) Outdoor heat exchanger temperature data: "-9°C"



# (ii) Discharge pipe temperature sensor

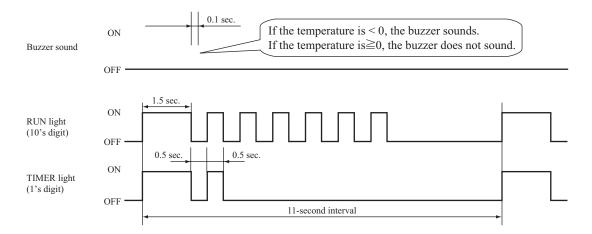
-										Ur	it: °C
TIMER light (1's digit) RUN light (10's digit) Buzzer sound		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	3	-60	-62	-64							
Yes	2	-40	-42	-44	-46	-48	-50	-52	-54	-56	-58
(sounds for 0.1 second)	1	-20	-22	-24	-26	-28	-30	-32	-34	-36	-38
	0		-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-12	-14	-16	-18
	0	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
	1	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38
	2	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58
No	3	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
(does not sound)	4	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98
	5	100	102	104	106	108	110	112	114	116	118
	6	120	122	124	126	128	130	132	134	136	138
	7	140	142	144	146	148	150				

\* If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the display for each temperature information becomes as shown below.

Sensor name	Sensor value displayed when the error code is normal
Discharge pipe temperature sensor	-64°C

(Example) Discharge pipe temperature data: "122°C"

\* In the case of discharge pipe data, multiply the reading value by 2. (Below,  $61 \ge 2$  = "122°C")

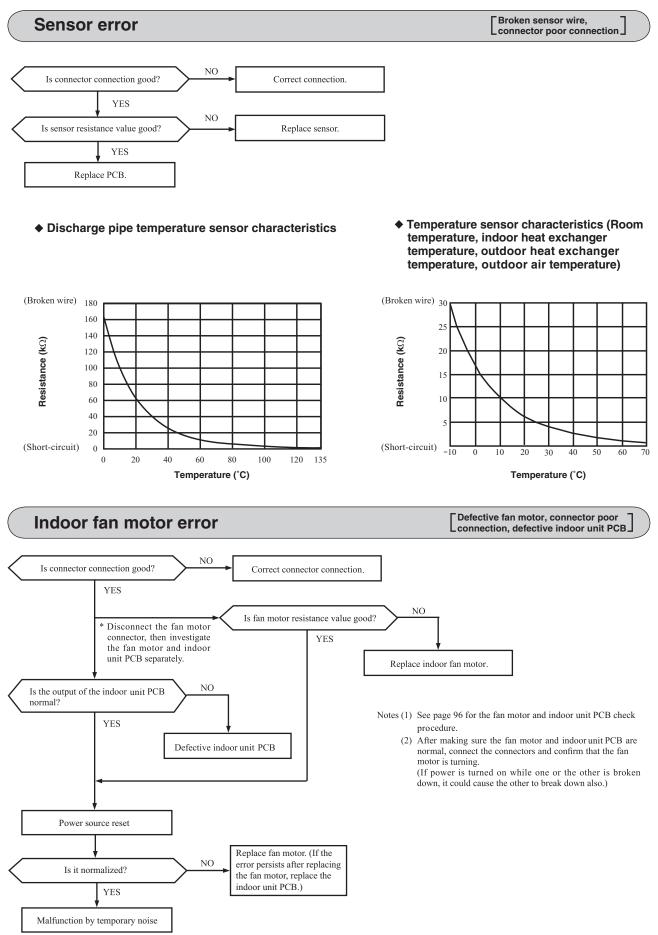


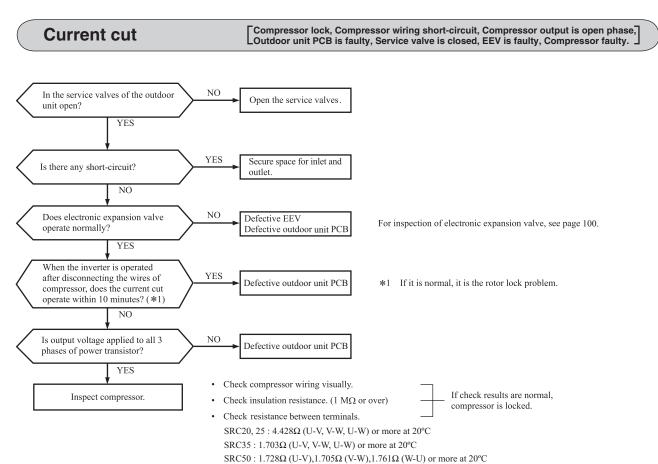
# Service data record form

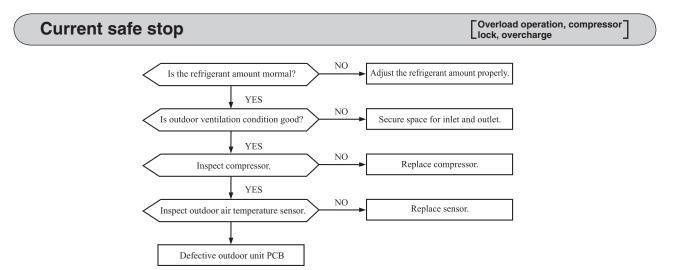
Customer				Model				
Date of inv	estigation							
Machine na	me							
Content of	complaint							
Wireless remote control settings		l settings	Contant of displayed da	to		Display resul	ts	Display conte
Temperature setting	Operation mode	Fan speed mode	Content of displayed da	ua	Buzzer (Yes/No.)	RUN light (Times)	TIMER light (Times)	Display conte
		MED	Error code on previous occasion					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on previous occasio	on				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on previous of	ccasion				
21		LO	Wireless remote control information on previo	ous occasion				
	TT	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on previous oc	ecasion				
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on previous oc	ecasion				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on previous occasion					
26	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on previous of	casion				
		MED	Error code on second previous occasion			1		
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on second previous	occasion	ſ			
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on second previo	ous occasion				
22		LO	Wireless remote control information on secon	d previous occasion				
		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on second pre-	vious occasion				
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on second prev	vious occasion				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on second previous occ	asion				
27	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on second occ	asion				
		MED	Error code on third previous occasion					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on third previous or	casion				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on third previo	ous occasion				
23		LO	Wireless remote control information on third					
		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on third previo	*				
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on third previo					
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on third previous occas					
28	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on third occas					
		MED	Error code on fourth previous occasion					
	Cooling HI AUTO		Room temperature sensor on fourth previous of	occasion				
			Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on fourth prev					
24		LO	Wireless remote control information on fourt					
		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on fourth prev					
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on fourth prev					
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on fourth previous occa					
29	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on fouth occas					
		MED	Error code on fifth previous occasion	non				
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on fifth previous oc	casion				
	coomig	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on fifth previous of					
25		LO	Wireless remote control information on fifth p					
20		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on fifth previo					
	Heating	HI	Outdoor an temperature sensor on fifth previo Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on fifth previo					
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on fifth previous occasi					
30	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on fifth occasi					
21	cooning	AUTO	Stop code on previous occasion	011				
21			Stop code on second previous occasion					
23			Stop code on third previous occasion         Stop code on fourth previous occasion         Stop code on fifth previous occasion					
24								
25	Cooling	LO	Stop code on fifth previous occasion					
26			Stop code on sixth previous occasion					
27			Stop code on seventh previous occasion					
28			Stop code on eighth previous occasion					
29			Stop code on ninth previous occasion		-			
30			Stop code on tenth previous occasion					
Judgment								Examiner

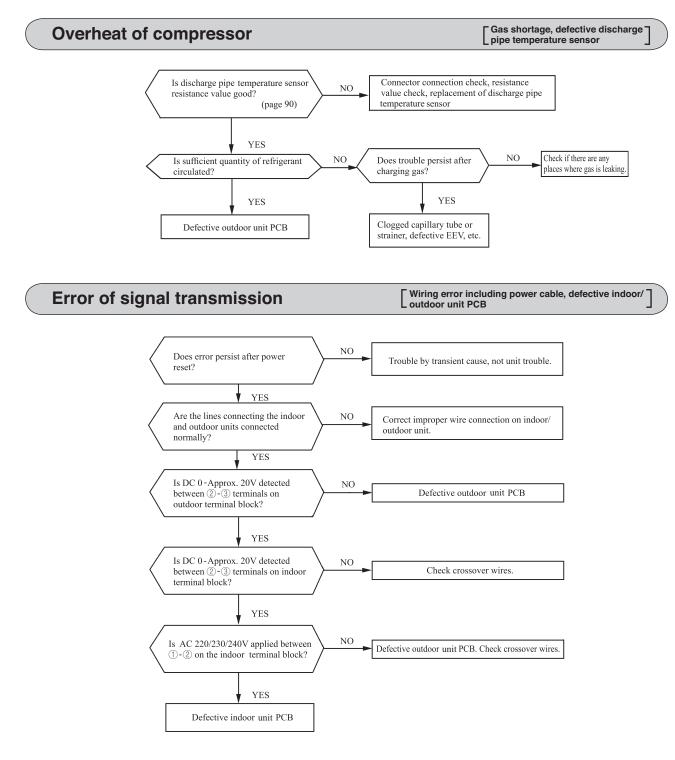
Note (1) In the case of indoor heat exchanger sensor 2, match from 26 to 30 the temperature setting of wireless remote control. (Refor to page 83.)

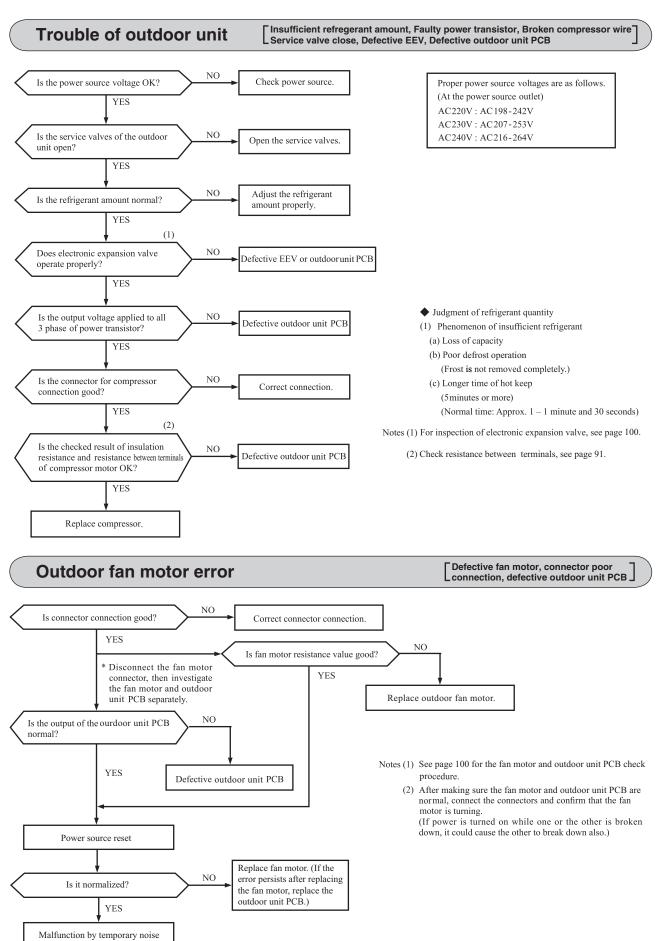
#### (7) Inspection procedures corresponding to detail of trouble

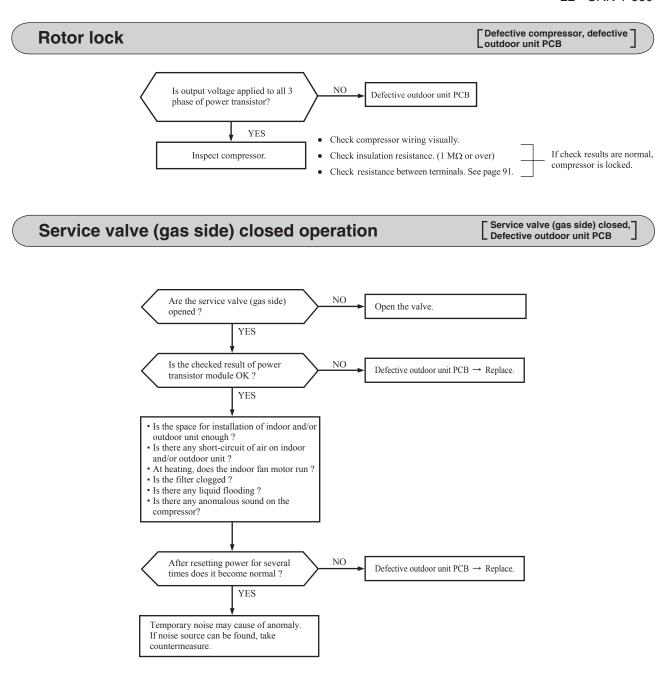












#### (8) Phenomenon observed after short-circuit, wire breakage on sensor

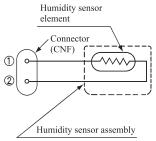
#### (a) Indoor unit

Operation		Phenomenon					
Sensor	mode	Short-circuit	Disconnected wire				
Room temperature Cooling Release of continuous compressor operation comma		Release of continuous compressor operation command.	Continuous compressor operation command is not releas				
sensor Heating (		Continuous compressor operation command is not released.	Release of continuous compressor operation command.				
Heat exchanger temperature		Freezing cycle system protection trips and stops the compressor.	Continuous compressor operation command is not released. (Anti-frosting)				
sensor	Heating	High pressure control mode (Compressor stop command)	Hot keep (Indoor fan stop)				
Liveridity concer <sup>(1)</sup>	Cooling	Refer to the table below.	Refer to the table below.				
Humidity sensor <sup>(1)</sup>	Heating	Normal system operation is possible.					

Note (1) SRK35, 50 only.

#### Humidity sensor operation

Failure mode		Control input circuit resding	Air-conditioning system operation		
cted	1 Disconnected wire				
Disconnected	<li>② Disconnected wire</li>	Humidity reading is 0%	Anti-condensation control is not done.		
Disc	12 Disconnected wire				
Short- circuit	1) and 2) are shot- circuited	Humidity reading is 100%	Anti-condensation control keep doing.		



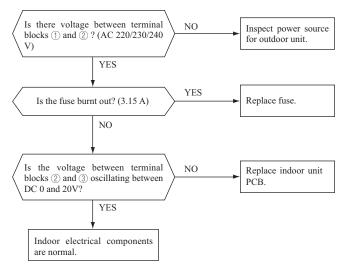
Remark: Do not perform a continuity check of the humidity sensor with a tester. If DC current is applied, it could damage the sensor.

#### (b) Outdoor unit

Sensor	Operation	Phenomenon				
Sensor	mode	Short-circuit	Disconnected wire			
Heat exchanger         Cooling           temperature sensor         Heating		Compressor stop.	Compressor stop.			
		Defrost operation is not performed.	Defrost operation is performed for 10 minutes at approx. 35 minutes.			
Ourdoor air	Cooling	The compressor cannot pick up its speed owing to the current safe so that the designed capacity is not achieved.	Compressor stop.			
temperature sensor	Heating	The compressor cannot pick up its speed owing to the heating overload protection so that the designed capacity is not achieved.	Defrost operation is performed for 10 minutes at approx. 35 minutes.			
Discharge pipe temperature sensor			Compressor stop.			

# (9) Checking the indoor electrical equipment

# (a) Indoor unit PCB check procedure



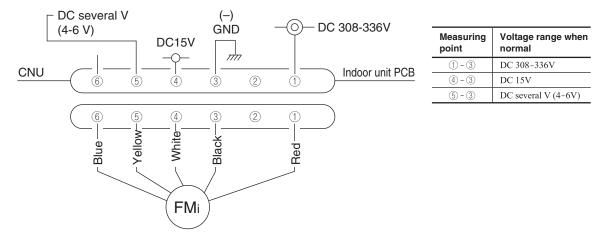
# (b) Indoor fan motor check procedure

This is a diagnostic procedure for determining if the indoor fan motor or the indoor unit PCB is broken down.

# 1) Indoor unit PCB output check

- a) Turn off the power.
- b) Remove the front panel, then disconnect the fan motor lead wire connector.
- c) Turn on the power. If the unit operates when the ON/OFF button is pressed, if trouble is detected after the voltages in the following figure are output for approximately 30 seconds, it means that the indoor unit PCB is normal and the fan motor is broken down.

If the voltages in the following figure are not output at connector pins No. (1), (4) and (5), the indoor unit PCB has failed and the fan motor is normal.

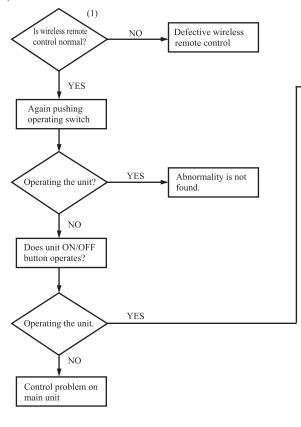


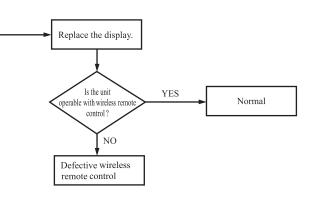
# 2) Fan motor resistance check

Measuring point	Resistance when normal
1 - 3 (Red - Black)	20 M $\Omega$ or higher
④-③ (White - Black)	20 k $\Omega$ or higher

Notes (1) Remove the fan motor and measure it without power connected to it. (2) If the measured value is below the value when the motor is normal, it means that the fan motor is faulty.

# (10) How to make sure of wireless remote control



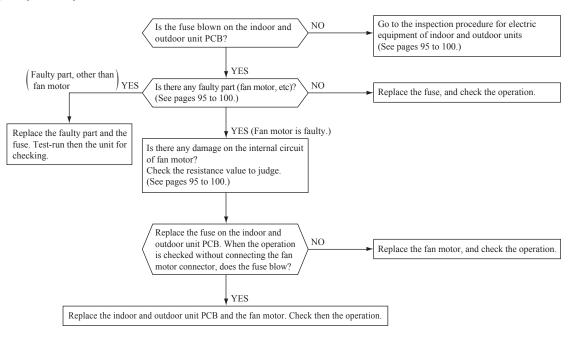


Note (1) Check method of wireless remote control (a) Press the reset switch of the wireless remote control. (b) If all LCD are displayed after one (1) display, it is basically normal.



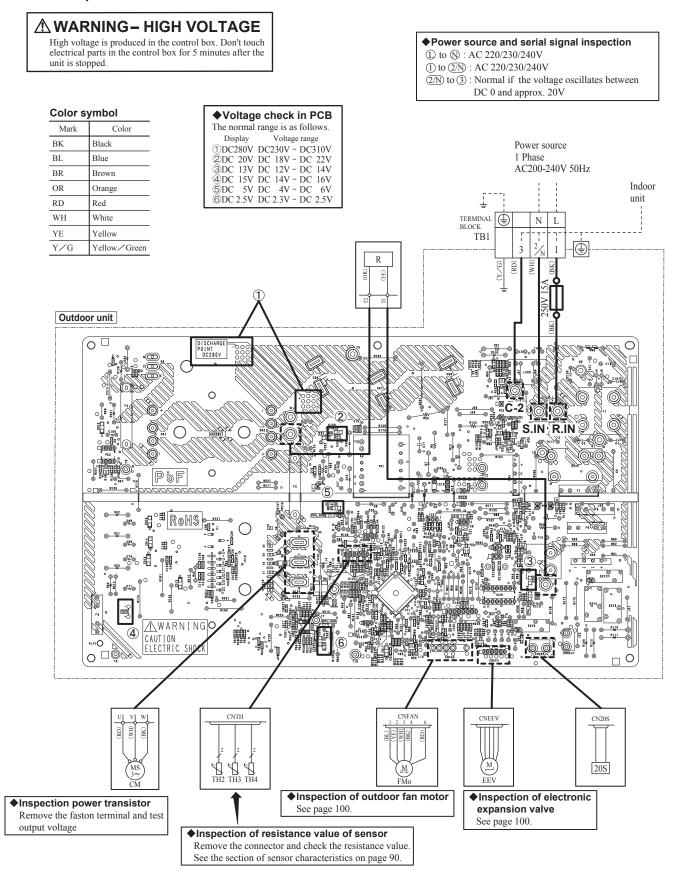
Simplified check method of wireless remote control It is normal if the signal transmission section of the wireless remote control emits a whitish light at each transmission on the monitor of digital camera.

#### (11) Inspection procedure for blown fuse on the indoor and outdoor unit PCB



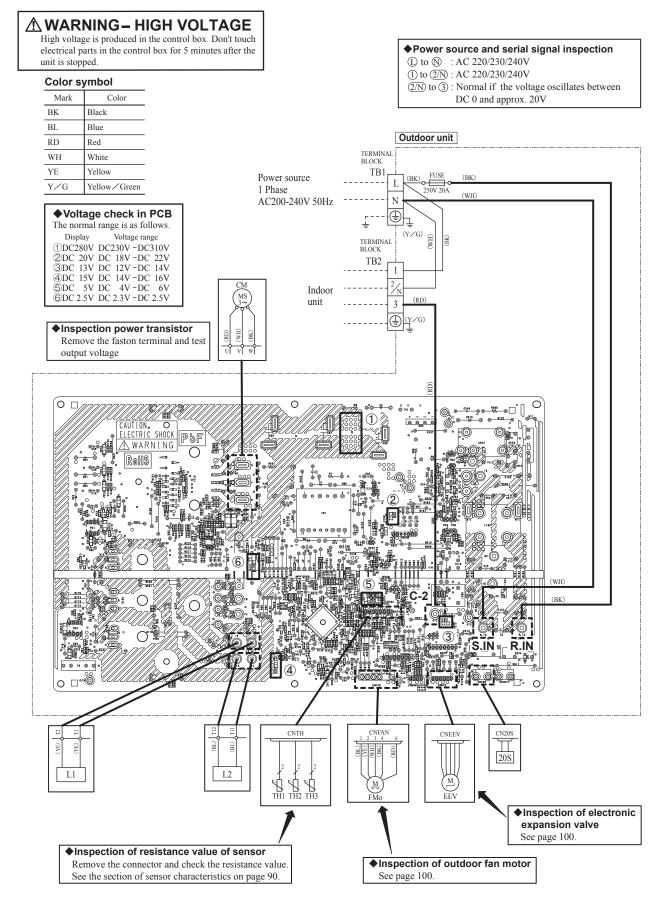
(12) Outdoor unit inspection points Models SRC20ZS-W, 25ZS-W, 35ZS-W SRC25ZS-W1, 35ZS-W1 SRC25ZS-W2, 35ZS-W2

#### Check point of outdoor unit



#### Model SRC50ZS-W

# Check point of outdoor unit

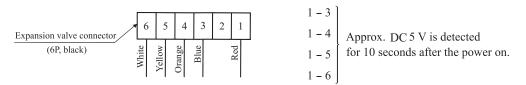


#### (a) Inspection of electronic expansion valve

Electronic expansion valve operates for approx. 10 seconds after the power on, in order to determine its aperture. Check the operating sound and voltage during the period of time. (Voltage cannot be checked during operation in which only the aperture change occurs.)

(i) If it is heard the sound of operating electronic expansion valve, it is almost normal.

(ii) If the operating sound is not heard, check the output voltage.



(iii) If voltage is detected, the outdoor unit PCB is normal.

(iv) If the expansion valve does not operate (no operating sound) while voltage is detected, the expansion valve is defective.

#### · Inspection of electronic expansion valve as a separate unit

Measure the resistance between terminals with an analog tester.

Measuring point	Resistance when normal
1-6	
1-5	$46 \pm 4\Omega$
1-4	(at 20°C)
1-3	1

#### (b) Outdoor fan motor check procedure

• When the outdoor unit fan motor error is detected, diagnose which of the outdoor unit fan motor or outdoor unit PCB is defective.

• Diagnose this only after confirming that the indoor unit is normal.

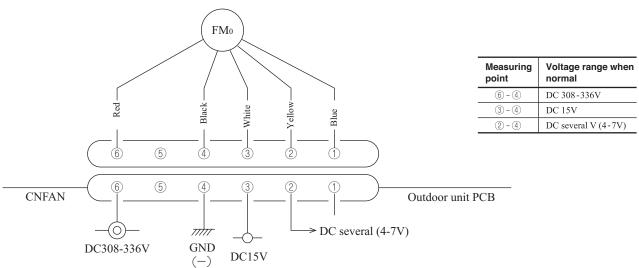
(i) Outdoor unit PCB output check

- 1) Turn off the power.
- 2) Disconnect the outdoor fan motor connector CNFAN.

3) When the indoor unit is operated by inserting the power source plug and pressing (ON) the backup switch for more than 5 seconds, if the voltage of pin No. ② in the following figure is output for 30 seconds at 20 seconds after turning "ON" the backup switch, the outdoor unit PCB is normal but the fan motor is defective.

If the voltage is not detected, the outdoor unit PCB is defective but the fan motor is normal.

Note (1) The voltage is output 3 times repeatedly. If it is not detected, the indoor unit displays the error message.



#### (ii) Fan motor resistance check

Measuring point	Resistance when normal
6 - 4 (Red - Black)	20 M $\Omega$ or higher
③ - ④ (White - Black)	20 k $\Omega$ or higher

Notes (1) Remove the fan motor and measure it without power connected to it. (2) If the measured value is below the value when the motor is normal, it means

that the fan motor is faulty.